

NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE REPORT

MULTI USE DEVELOPMENT

ELANORA HOTEL - 41 VICTORIA STREET EAST GOSFORD

PREPARED FOR JOHN SINGLETON GROUP

6 NOVEMBER 2023



TABLE OF CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	3
REPORT DETAILS	4
PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT	4
LOCATION	4
REFERENCED DOCUMENTS	4
CURRENT LEGISLATION	4
REPORT PURPOSE	5
EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS	5
NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE ASSESSMENT	6
BUILDING DESCRIPTION	6
STRUCTURE (SECTION B, BCA)	8
FIRE RESISTANCE AND STABILITY (SECTION C, BCA)	9
ACCESS & EGRESS (SECTION D, BCA)	14
SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT (SECTION E, BCA)	19
HEALTH AND AMENITY (SECTION F, BCA)	22
ANCILLARY PROVISIONS (SECTION G, BCA)	25
ENERGY EFFICIENCY CONSTRUCTION (SECTION J, BCA)	26
RECOMMENDATIONS	27
CONCLUSION	28
APPENDIX A – DOCUMENTATION	29
APPENDIX B – DRAFT PROPOSED FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE	30

DESIGN RIGHT CONSULTING PTY LTD

PARRAMATTA | PYRMONT

PO BOX 2331, NORTH PARRAMATTA 1750

0405 295 978

ALEKS@DESIGNRC.COM.AU

WWW.DESIGNRC.COM.AU

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report has been prepared to identify the extent of compliance achieved by the assessment of the architectural documentation for the proposed development against the relevant provisions of the National Construction Code, Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2022 and its adopted standards.

The proposed development consists of the alterations and additions to an existing Elanora hotel/pub building with two levels of carparking, service rooms, an external bottle shop building and a three-storey hotel accommodation building.

This report will provide a BCA analysis to assist in the process of design development and to assist the consent authority in the determination of the Development Application relating to the works.

The application for Construction Certificate shall be assessed under the relevant provisions of the Environmental Planning & Assessment Act 1979 (As Amended) and the Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2021.

REPORT DETAILS

PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

The proposed development consists of the alterations and additions to an existing Elanora hotel/pub building with two levels of carparking, service rooms, an external bottle shop building and a three-storey hotel accommodation building.

LOCATION

The subject development is located at located at Lot 1 DP 85556, known as 41 Victoria Street East Gosford.

The site is within the jurisdiction of Central Coast Council for the purposes of development approvals.

REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

The following documents have been reviewed, referenced and/or relied upon in the preparation of this report.

- National Construction Code, Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2022
- Architectural Plans as prepared LoopCreative (Appendix 1)
- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
- Environmental Planning & Assessment Regulation 2021

CURRENT LEGISLATION

The applicable legislation governing the design of buildings is the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. This Act requires that all new building works must be designed to comply with the BCA. However, the existing features of an existing building need not to comply with the BCA unless an upgrade is required by other clauses of the legislation.

The version of the BCA applicable to the development, is the version that in place at the time of the application of the Construction Certificate.

REPORT PURPOSE

This report has been prepared to identify aspects of the proposed design that require further consideration and to identify aspects of the design that may be altered subsequent to the issue of a Development Consent

This report has been prepared on the basis of an assessment of compliance only and should not be construed as being design advice. Further detailed assessment and design documentation will need to be provided prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate

EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

The report does not address the following matters unless directly addressed by way of commentary:

- Fire resistance of primary structural elements;
- Compliance with the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992*;
- Local Government Act and Regulations
- Performance Solution Reports
- Any certification works pursuant to the:
 - a. Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979; and,
 - b. Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021; and,
 - c. Building and Development Certifiers Act 2018; and,
 - d. Building and Development Certifiers Regulation 2020.
- The report excludes any review of following parts of the BCA as they do not specifically relate to aspects of the BCA or are not applicable to this building:
 - o PART B – Structure.
 - o PART D3 – Access for people with Disability.
 - o PART G – Atriums. [The building does not contain an atrium].
 - o PART H – Special Use Buildings.
 - o PART J – Energy Efficiency.
- Preparation of any plans, specifications and certificates undertaken by a: architectural; structural; hydraulic; mechanical; electrical; fire engineer; fire services engineer and their respective fees;
- Engineering analysis of structural; hydraulic; mechanical; electrical; fire engineering; fire services;
- Any services undertaken by an: access consultant; town planner; architect; registered surveyor; energy consultant; acoustic consultant;
- Demolition or building works;
- Any project management services;

NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE ASSESSMENT

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Use/Classification	<p>Class 3 – Hotel Accommodation Building (Lower Ground to Level 1)</p> <p>Class 6* - Pub/Hotel and Bottle Shop (Lower Ground to Ground)</p> <p>Class 7a – Carpark (Lower Ground to Ground)</p> <p>Class 7b – Storage/service rooms (Lower Ground)</p> <p>NSW A6G7 Class 6 buildings</p> <p>A Class 6 building is a shop or other building for sale of goods by retail or the supply of services direct to the public, including—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) an eating room, cafe, restaurant, milk or soft drink bar; or (b) a dining room, bar, shop or kiosk part of a hotel or motel; or (c) a hairdresser's or barber's shop, public laundry, or undertaker's establishment; (d) market or sale room, showroom, or service station; or small live music or arts venue.
Rise in Storeys	<p>Class 3 - Hotel Accommodation Building - Three (3)</p> <p>Class 6, 7a -Pub/Hotel Building - Two (2)</p> <p>Class 6 - Bottle Shop Building - One (1)</p>
Floor Area	<p>The maximum floor areas for fire compartments are not applicable to the Class 3 part and Class 7a Sprinkler protected parts.</p> <p>The floor area limitations are:</p> <p>Type C Construction - Class 6 and 7b: 2,000m².</p> <p>The hotel/pub building is to be separated with multiple fire compartments, each to be less than 2000m². Further comments in report.</p> <p>Class 6 and 7b portions do not exceed the maximum size of fire compartments in part C2.2 of the BCA for Type 'C' construction.</p>
Volume	<p>The maximum volume provisions for fire compartments are not applicable to the Class 3 and Class 7a Sprinkler protected.</p> <p>The volume limitations are:</p> <p>Type C Construction - Class 6 and 7b : 20,000m³</p> <p>Class 6 and 7b portions do not exceed the maximum size of fire compartments in part C2D2 of the BCA for Type 'C' construction.</p>

Effective Height	<p>The Hotel accommodation building will have an effective height less than 12m. (6.01m)</p> <p>The Pub/Hotel building will have an effective height less than 12m. (13.5m). 8.75</p>
Type of Construction (BCA)	<p>The Hotel Accommodation building requires Type A construction throughout.</p> <p>The Pub/Hotel building requires Type C construction throughout. The Bottle Shop building requires Type C construction throughout.</p>
Climate zone	For the purpose of Section J the climate zone is 5

STRUCTURE (SECTION B, BCA)

STRUCTURAL PROVISIONS

The development is to be designed so the structure will resist loads determined:

- AS 1170.0 – 2002 General Principles
- AS 1170.1 – 2002, including certification for balustrades (dead and live loads)
- AS 1170.2 – 2021, Wind loads
- AS 1170.4 – 2007, Earthquake loads
- AS 1288 – 2021, Glass in buildings + B1.4(h)(iii) – To protect against nickel sulphide inclusions.
- AS1530.4–2014, Fire-Resistance Tests on Elements of Construction
- AS/NZS 1664.1 and 2 – 1997, Aluminium construction
- AS/NZS 1684.1, 2 and 3 – 2021, Residential Timber Framing Construction
- AS 1720.1 – 2010, Design of Timber Structure
- AS 1720.4 – 2019, Fire resistance for structural adequacy of timber members
- AS 1720.5 – 2015, Nail plated timber roof structures
- AS 2159 – 2009, Piling
- AS 2047 – 2014, Windows in buildings
- AS 3600 – 2018, Concrete code – Including but not limited to Section 5 Fire Resistance of Concrete
- AS 3700 – 2018, Masonry code – Including but not limited to Section 6 Fire Resistance of Masonry
- AS3666.0-2014 Termite Management
- AS 4100 – 2020, Steel Structures and/or AS 4600 – 2018, Cold formed steel
- AS/NZS4600 - 2018 Cold Steel Formed Structures
- AS5146.1-2015 – Reinforced Autoclave Aerated Concrete Structures
- All other relevant Australian Standards, guidelines and referenced/cross referenced applicable standards.
- AS 2327 - 2017 – Composite Steel Construction in Buildings
- Structural engineer to consider Importance Levels in their design declarations.
- BCA Specification 5 – Fire Resistance of Building Elements

Structural Engineering Drawings and Design Certification is required for the new works. Certification and details are to also address FRL's as specified under BCA Spec 5 (for Type A and C Construction) and nominate all applicable Australian Standards and Importance Levels.

FIRE RESISTANCE AND STABILITY (SECTION C, BCA)

FIRE RESISTANCE

The Class 3 Hotel building is to comply with Clause C2D21 and S5C1 & S5C11 of Specification 5, for a building required to have Type A construction. Refer to Table S5C11 of Specification 5 for the specific Fire Resistance Levels [FRL's].

Class	FRL
Class 3:	90/90/90

External walls, common walls, lift framing and load and non-load bearing fire resisting internal walls must be non-combustible. Internal load bearing walls must be of concrete or masonry.

The Class 6 Pub/Hotel and Bottle Shop building with the car parking and storage areas is to comply with Clause C2D21 and S5C1 & S5C11 of Specification 5, for a building required to have Type C construction. Refer to Table S5C11 of Specification 5 for the specific Fire Resistance Levels [FRL's].

Class	FRL
Class 6:	90/90/90
Class 7a:	90/90/90
Class 7b:	90/90/90

Structural: the ability to maintain stability and adequate load-bearing capacity as determined by AS 1530.4.

Integrity: the ability to resist the passage of flames and hot gases specified in AS 1530.4.

Insulation: The ability to maintain a temperature on the surface not exposed to the furnace below the limits specified in AS 1530.4.

Where it is proposed to not achieve a minimum 200mm thick reinforced concrete slab throughout the SOU' levels (when required by AS3600), this will need to be disclosed by the project structural engineer and addressed under a Performance Based Solution by a Registered Fire Safety Engineer.

Where it is proposed to incorporate permanent Polymer Formwork wall type systems such as Dincel/AFS/Ritek etc, the use of these wall/load bearing systems are to be disclosed by the project structural engineer and addressed under a Performance Based Solution by a qualified Fire Safety Engineer.

LIGHTWEIGHT CONSTRUCTION

Where lightweight fire rated construction is proposed for walls, the system must comply with Specification C2D9 of BCA and the manufactures tested specification. Furthermore, the system proposed must be consistent with sound and energy efficiency requirements with Part F6 and Part J of BCA.

Columns protected with lightweight fire rated construction that are subject to mechanical damage must be protected and/or internally filled in accordance with Clause C2D9 (b) of BCA.

NON COMBUSTIBLE BUILDING ELEMENTS

Any proposed Aluminium Composite Panels or any external wall cladding must comply with AS1530.1-1994 the C2D10 BCA with a complying CodeMark Certificate and its required Standards and is to be reviewed and certified by the registered Certifier at Construction Certificate stage.

Any sarking type materials within the external wall construction is to have a flammability index not greater than 5 and have an overall thickness not exceeding 1mm.

The use of any type of render to external wall faces of either masonry is to be non combustible by test under AS 1530.1. NOTE many acrylic renders may not satisfy the requirement for non combustibility and wall type schedules are to identify the material and demonstrate compliance.

FIRE HAZARD PROPERTIES

The wall and floor linings must achieve the fire hazard properties stipulated in BCA Specifications C2D11.

Compliance assumed and will require verification test data for all timber and other combustible linings and materials, including:

- Carpets
- Vinyls (walling and flooring)
- Timber flooring and wall lining
- Veneered wall panelling
- Spray-on insulation material
- Other combustible finishes
- Carpark soffit insulation fire test reports based on 'room fire testing' will be required to meet fire brigade consent conditions if applicable.

COMPARTMENTATIONS AND SEPERATIONS

The key areas for consideration with regards to compartmentation and separation are as follows:

Class 3 – Hotel Accommodation Building (Lower Ground to Level 1)

- Each sole occupancy unit within the building, being each individual room or suite of rooms, must be separated by construction achieving an FRL of not less than 90/90/90 for load bearing or -/60/60 for non-load bearing.
- The lift shaft must be constructed with an FRL not less than 90/90/90 to the residential levels.

Class 6* - Pub/Hotel (Lower Ground to Ground)

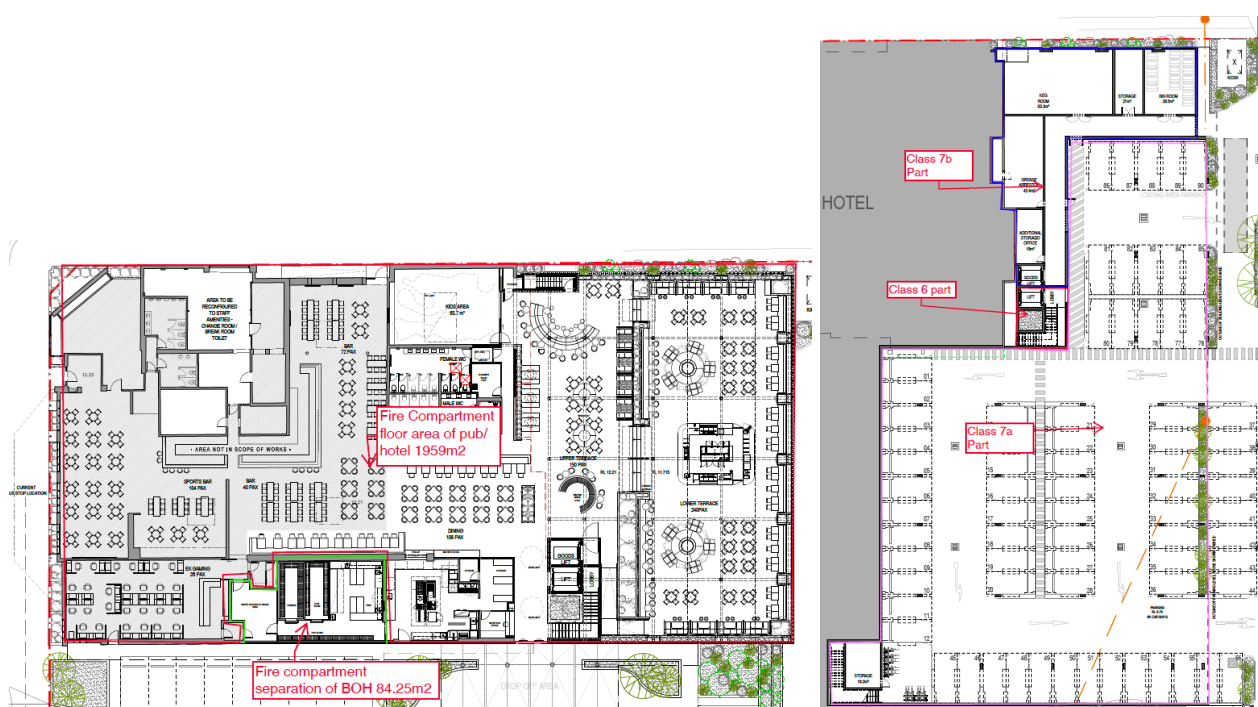
- The Pub/hotel areas must be separated from the remainder of the building by construction having an FRL not less than 90/90/90.

Class 7a – Carpark (Lower Ground to Ground)

- The parking areas must be separated from the remainder of the building by construction having an FRL not less than 90/90/90.

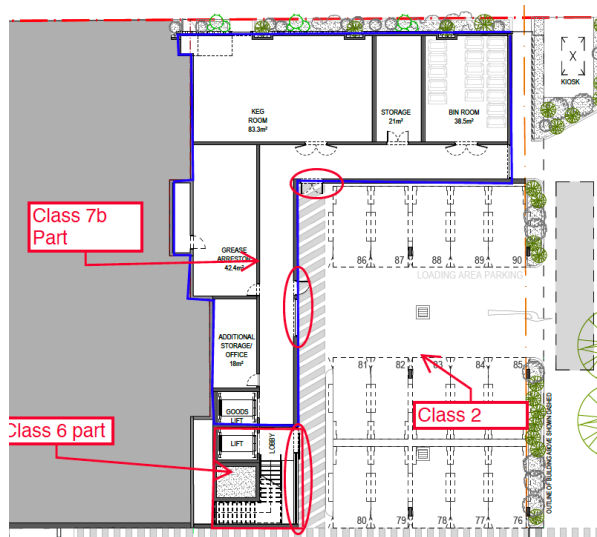
Class 7b – Storage/service rooms (Lower Ground)

- The Storage/service room areas must be separated from the remainder of the building by construction having an FRL not less than 90/90/90.



Construction of firewalls and openings must comply with Part C3D8, C3D9 and Specification 5 of BCA.

Openings between the Class 7a Carpark on the lower ground floor and the Class 6 Pub/Hotel and Class 7b Storage requires protection as they are glass and roller and swing door openings as per C3D9 and Specification 5.



These non-compliances with the Deemed To Satisfy provisions will be subject to an performance solution to address the relevant Performance Requirements of the BCA.

VERTICAL SEPARATION OF OPENINGS

Class 3 Hotel Accommodation building requires spandrel separation and horizontal slab construction of external openings, however they are not required in accordance with Clause C3D7 of BCA as a sprinkler system proposed throughout the building.

BOUNDING CONSTRUCTION

Bounding construction between residential sole occupant units (SOU), doorway, openings and external walls along the path of travel to an exit, from all levels is to comply with the provisions of Specification 5, and Clause C4D12 of BCA.

All entry doors to residential units must be protected by self-closing -/60/30 fire doors.

All services rooms and common rooms from the ground floor are to be fire separated.



FIRE SEALING OF PENETRATIONS

All service penetrations must be sealed to the requirements of Clause C4D13 and C4D15 of BCA

Garbage room and garbage service shafts, (including walls, floors, ceilings, doors and shutters) must be protected in accordance with C4D13 and C4D14 as per BCA.

PROTECTION OF EQUIPMENT

The following equipment is to be fire separated with construction complying with Clause C3D13 of BCA.

- (i) lift motors and lift control panels; or
- (ii) emergency generators used to sustain emergency equipment operating in the emergency mode; or
- (iii) central smoke control plant; or
- (iv) boilers; or
- (v) a battery or batteries installed in the building that have a voltage exceeding 24 volts and a capacity exceeding 10 ampere hours.

Separation of on-site fire pumps must comply with the requirements of AS 2419.1-2005.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLY SYSTEM

Electrical equipment is to be separated from the building in accordance with Clause C3D14 of BCA

Any substation and/or main switchboard is to be constructed to achieve a fire resistance level of 120/120/120 with the door being -/120/30 fire rated, unless higher FRL's required by electrical providers.

CLASS 2 CORRIDOR LENGTHS

The public corridors on each hotel level exceeds 40m in length throughout the building as per C3D15 of the BCA and it is recommended that dual swinging smoke-proof walls are to be installed complying with S11C2.

ACCESS & EGRESS (SECTION D, BCA)

NUMBER OF EXITS REQUIRED

The minimum number of exits comply on all levels as per D2D3 of the BCA

WHEN FIRE ISOLATED STAIRWAYS REQUIRED

The Class 3 building is mixed between fire isolated and non-fire isolated exits as per D2D4. The central stair is designed as a non-required, non fire isolated stair connects 3 storeys in a sprinkler protected building.

The fire isolated stairs will require a single handrail as per D3D22 of the BCA with non-slip nosing's.

The non-fire isolated stair will be required to be designed with 2 handrails, TGSI and non slip nosing's as per D3D22 of the BCA and clause 11 & 12 of AS 1428.1.

The Class 6/7a building is designed with and non-fire isolated exits as per D2D4.

The non-fire isolated stair will be required to be designed with 2 handrails, TGSI and non slip nosing's as per D3D22 of the BCA and clause 11 & 12 of AS 1428.1.

EXIT TRAVEL DISTANCE

Exit travel distances to a required exit or a point of choice between exits comply with D2D5 of the BCA except for the following.

Travel distance to an exit or point of choice concessions apply to this Class 3 building as a sprinkler system is to be provided as per Specification 17 and 18.

DISTANCE BETWEEN ALTERNATIVE EXITS

The distance between alternative exits comply with clause D2D6 of BCA.

Travel distance to an exit or point of choice concessions apply to this Class 3 building as a sprinkler system is to be provided as per Specification 17 and 18.

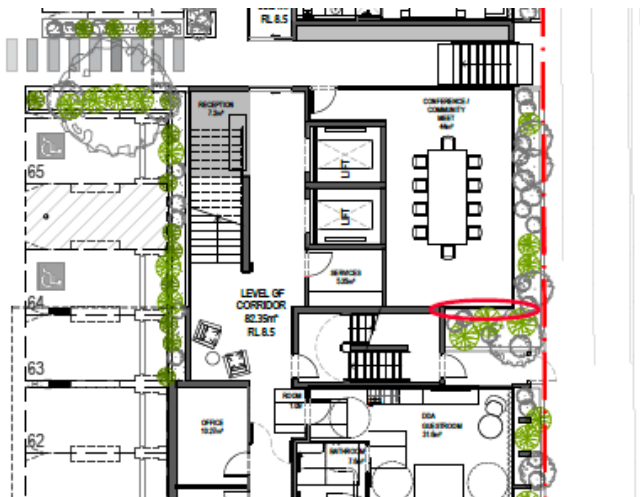
TRAVEL VIA FIRE/NON FIRE ISOLATED EXITS

The fire-isolated and non fire-isolated stairway as a required exit must provide a continuous means of travel by its own flights and landings from every storey served to the level at which egress to a road or open space is provided.

The point of discharge and path of travel from the central fire stair in the Class 3 building on the lower ground floor do not comply with D2D12 in the following parts.

- It passes openings with 6m along the path of travel that will need to be protected.

These non-compliance with the Deemed To Satisfy provisions will be subject to an performance solution to address the relevant Performance Requirements of the BCA as advised by the client.



DIMENSIONS OF EXITS

Exits and paths of travel to exits are to comply with D2D7, D2D8, D2D9, D2D10, D2D11 of BCA. Minimum dimensions of 1000mm and 2000mm height to be provided within exits, with the paths of travel should provide a minimum width of 1000mm (note that all maintenance access, cat walks, etc. may comply with AS1657 in which case a 600mm clear width is required).

Doorways are permitted to contain a clear opening width of the required width of the exit minus 250mm, with a height of 1980mm as part of egress requirements are to comply with D2D7 of BCA. Access for persons with disabilities however requires a clear doorway opening width of 850mm (i.e minimum 870 mm doors).

The aggregate unobstructed width of *required exits* or paths of travel to an exit on the ground floor Class 6 pub part has an aggregate width of 8m to which complies for the total population of 770 persons with clause D2D8 of the BCA.

ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION BOARDS

Electrical distribution boards located in the path of travel to an exit must be enclosed in a non-combustible enclosure and sealed to prevent the escape of smoke as per D3D8 of the BCA.

CONSTRUCTION OF STAIRWAYS

Goings and Risers

Goings and risers are to be designed to comply with the provisions of Clause D4D13 of BCA.

Landings

Landings are to be designed to comply with the provisions of Clause D4D15 of BCA.

Thresholds

Thresholds are to be designed to comply with the provisions of Clause D4D16 of BCA. Please note D4D16 (c), which requires a threshold ramp complying with AS 1428.1-2009.

EGRESS DOORS

All required exit doorways are either swinging or automatic doors complying with the provisions of BCA Clause D3D24.

All doors acting, as exits are required to swing in the direction of egress are also required to be provided with the appropriate hardware in accordance with Clauses D3D25 & D3D26 of the BCA.

The door swings from the existing doorways on the Class 6 pub/hotel ground floor are non-compliant as they don't swing in the path of travel as per D3D24.

These non-compliance with the Deemed To Satisfy provisions will be subject to either a redesign to swing out into the path of travel or via a performance solution to address the relevant Performance Requirements of the BCA.

BARRIERS TO PREVENT FALLS

Barriers must be provided for all areas where it is possible to fall more than 1m. Barriers are to be designed in accordance with Clauses D3D17, D3D18, D3D19, D3D20 of the BCA.

Balustrades protecting a difference in levels of over 4m must not have horizontal elements between 150mm and 760mm of the floor that facilitate climbing.

HANDRAILS

Handrails are to be provided to stairways as required by Clause D3D22 of the BCA, including internal stairs within a residential SOU.

OPERATION OF LATCH

The door hardware to the final discharge doors including the main entrance and the all entry/exit doors from each units, are to be installed with D-handles that activate on a single hand, located between 900-1100mm in height from the finished floor level, which complies with D3D26.

SIGNAGE

Signage must be provided to all fire safety doors (except those doorways providing access to sole occupancy units) and to doors leading from enclosed stairways as required Clause D3D28 and D4D7 of the BCA.

PROTECTION OF OPENABLE WINDOWS

Windows in bedrooms where the floor is more than 2 m above the surface beneath require restricted openings or protection in accordance with D3D29 of BCA.

All other parts of the buildings that are not part of the Class 2 portion of the building must also be protected with D3D29 of BCA.

ACCESS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES.

The building will be capable of providing disabled access compliant with Part D4 of the BCA and Access to Premises Standards.

The proposed building is required to comply with the following:

- The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (Commonwealth);
- The Disability (Access to Premises — Buildings), Standards 2010;
- Part D4 of BCA;
- Australian Standard AS 1428.1-2009.

Buildings and parts of buildings must be accessible as required by D4D2, unless exempted by D4D5, which requires access as follows:

Class 3 – Access must be provided by a ramp or lift:

- *From a pedestrian entrance required to be accessible to at least 1 floor containing sole-occupancy units and to the entrance doorway of each sole occupancy unit on that level.*
- *To and within not less than 1 of each type of room or space for use in common by the residents, including a cooking facility, sauna, gymnasium, swimming pool, common laundry, games room, individual shop, eating area, or the like.*
- *Where a ramp complying with AS1428.1 or a passenger lift is installed – to the entrance doorway of each sole occupancy unit; and to and within rooms or spaces for use in common by the residents, located on the levels served by the lift.*

Sole Occupancy Units.

Not more than 2 required accessible sole-occupancy units may be located adjacent to each other. Where more than 2 accessible -sole-occupancy units are required, they must be representative of the range of rooms available.

If the building or group of buildings contain

- *41-60 sole-occupancy units - 3 accessible sole-occupancy units required*

Class 6 - To and within all areas normally used by the occupants.

Class 7a – To and within any level containing accessible carparking spaces

Class 7b - To and within all areas normally used by the occupants.

A separate Access report by has been provided on this project by a Access Consultant.

SERVICES AND EQUIPMENT (SECTION E, BCA)

HYDRANT SYSTEMS

The both buildings will be provided with a hydrant system in accordance with the provisions of Clause E1D2 of the BCA and AS 2419.1.

The design of the service will be subject to review by a hydraulic fire service consultant and confirmed compliance prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate stage.

HOSE REEL SYSTEMS

The pub and carpark building is required to be will be provided with a fire hose reel system in accordance with the provisions of Clause E1D3 of the BCA and AS 2441.

Locations of fire hose reels are required to be located 4m from an exit.

The design of the service will be subject to review by a hydraulic fire service consultant and confirmed compliance prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate stage.

SPRINKLER PROTECTION

The Class 3 building, the Class 7a Carpark part and Class 7b Storage part will be protected by a sprinkler system throughout complying with Clause E1D4, E1D5 E1D9 and Spec 17 and 18 of the BCA and AS2118.1 or Part 6.

The design of the service will be subject to review by a hydraulic fire service consultant and confirmed compliance prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate stage.

PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Fire extinguishers will be provided in accordance the provisions of Clause E1D14 of the BCA and AS2444.

Portable fire extinguishers provided for the apartments must be an ABE type fire extinguisher, a minimum size of 2.5 kg, distributed outside a sole-occupancy unit to serve only the storey at which they are located and positioned so that the travel distance from the entrance doorway of any sole-occupancy unit to the nearest fire extinguisher is not more than 10m.

PROVISIONS FOR SPECIAL HAZARDS

The batteries contained within electric cars and/or on-site battery storage are likely to be considered a special hazard. This equipment may need to be fire separated from the building.

Where electric car charging points are proposed compliance with the AFAC "Electric Vehicles and EV charging equipment in the building environment" position version 1.0 should be incorporated to the design

Further information required – plans do not currently indicate the proposed provision of electric charging points.

SMOKE HAZARD MANAGEMENT

The building will be provided with a smoke management system in accordance with the provisions of Clause E2D5, E2D6 and Specification 20 of the BCA.

The building will require:

- Class 3: An automatic smoke detection and alarm system in accordance with E2D5 and Specification 20 and AS 3786.
- Occupancy warning system compliant with clause S20C7 of Specification 20 and AS 1670.1-2015 to be provide throughout the entire building.
- Class 6: As the building is only 2 storey's it is technically not required, however it is recommended that an automatic smoke detection and alarm system complying with E2D6 and Specification 20
- Class 7a: Carpark requires natural or mechanical ventilation system in accordance with AS 1668.2 and Clause D2D13 of AS/NZS 1668.1.
- Class 7b: An automatic smoke detection and alarm system complying with E2D6 and Specification 20
- Occupancy warning system compliant with clause S20C7 of Specification 20 and AS 1670.1-2015 to be provide throughout the entire building.

The building contains a Class 7a Carpark and Class 6 and Class 7b use which means the concessions for Zone Smoke Control Systems cannot be applied to the building as per E2D6 and we understand these will be considered via performance-based solutions.

The design of the service will be subject to review by a fire services consultant.
Evidence with compliance with E2 of BCA is required prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate.

EMERGENCY LIGHTING.

Emergency lighting will be provided throughout the building in accordance with Clauses E4D1 & E4D4 of the BCA and AS2293.1.

The design of the service will be subject to review by the electrical fire services practitioner.

EXIT SIGNS.

Exit signs will be provided throughout the building in accordance with Clauses E4D5, E4D6 & E4D8 of the BCA and AS2293.1.

The design of the service will be subject to review by the electrical fire services practitioner.

LIFTS

The lifts will be required in accordance with Clause E3 of the BCA.

A sign must be provided in accordance with Clause E3D4 of the BCA warning against the use of lifts in a fire. The proposed lifts shall also comply with all requirements nominated by AS1735.12 and Clause E3.6 of the BCA, with regards to facilities for people with disabilities.

The proposed lifts shall also comply with all requirements nominated by AS1735.12 and Clause E3D8 of the BCA, with regards to facilities for people with disabilities.

Architectural details, Lift design details, specifications and design certifications are to be prepared by a suitably qualified design practitioner (Architects & Vertical transport Registered Design Practitioners)

HEALTH AND AMENITY (SECTION F, BCA)

DAMP & WEATHERPROOFING.

Adequate measures will be employed to ensure compliance Part F1 and F3D2 of the BCA is achieved. In terms of weatherproofing, this is to include compliance with F1D5, F2D2 and AS 4654.1 and 2 in respect of waterproofing of external balconies.

The metal roof system is to comply with AS 1562.1

The concrete roof proposed is to be protected with an external waterproofing membrane complying with F3D2 (e) and F1D5 or addressed via a performance solution for the building façade prepared by a suitably qualified façade engineer.

External wall cladding must comply with one or a combination of the following based on clause F3D5:

- (a) Masonry, including masonry veneer, unreinforced and reinforced masonry: AS 3700.
- (b) Autoclaved aerated concrete: AS 5146.3.
- (c) Metal wall cladding: AS 1562.1.

It is advised that the building façade must be designed and prepared by a suitably qualified façade engineer confirming compliance. If materials selected to comply with DTS requirements, it will be required to be addressed with a performance solution.

The stormwater drainage must comply with AS/NZS 3500.3-2021.

SANITARY & OTHER FACILITIES.

Facilities for both buildings will be provided in accordance with the provisions of Clause F4D4 of the BCA.

The sanitary facility use for the bottle shop staff will be within the pub/hotel building as it is the same owner/occupier.

Facilities provided for the Class 6 Pub/Hotel are to be in accordance with the provisions of Clause F4D4 of the BCA for a total population of 740 patrons (370 Male – 370 Female) and 20 Staff .

Patrons 740 (370 Male – 370 Female)

Male		
WC's	UR	WB
4	6	3
Female		
WC's	UR	WB
8	0	4

Staff 30 (15 Male – 15 Female)

Male		
WC's	UR	WB
1	1	1
Female		
WC's	UR	WB
1	0	1

These numbers are able to provide coverage for the population of 740 patrons (370 Male – 370 Female) and 30 Staff for the proposed and existing number of sanitary facilities proposed throughout the building.

All sanitary compartments that have proposed in-swinging doors are required to be 1.2m from the WC pan or lift off hinges are provided as per F4D8 of BCA.

Sanitary facilities for persons with a disability serving the retail tenancies and community function area are to be designed accordance with the provisions of F4D6 and AS1428.1 – 2009.

CEILING HEIGHT

The following minimum building ceiling heights must be maintained as per F5D2:

- Common kitchen, laundry or the like – 2.1m
- Corridor, passageway or the like – 2.1m
- Bathroom, shower, sanitary compartment or the like – 2.1m
- Habitable rooms including common areas – 2.4m
- Stairways – 2.0m
- Car parking areas – 2.2m
- Disabled car parks – 2.5m including a 2.3m path of travel height

Confirmation of height compliance to be provided on the construction Architectural Details and Specifications at CC stage.

LIGHTING

Natural lighting to each hotel room and artificial lighting must be provided throughout the building in accordance with F6D2, F2D3 of the BCA and AS/NZS1680.0-1998.

Artificial lighting may be provided throughout the remained of the building in accordance with the provisions of Clause F6D5 of the BCA and AS1680.1.

VENTILATION

The building is required to be provided with ventilation in accordance with the provisions of Clause F6D6, F2D7 of the BCA.

Ventilation may be provided by a natural means or a mechanical system complying with AS 1668.2.

Location of the sanitary facilities that opens directly must comply with F6D9. The access must be by an airlock, hallway or the sanitary compartment must be provided with mechanical exhaust ventilation and the doorway to the room adequately screened from view.

KITCHEN LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION

The commercial kitchen must be provided with a kitchen exhaust hood complying with AS 1668.1 and AS 1668.2.

SOUND INSULATION

Class 3 Hotel

The floor separating as per F7D5 the hotel rooms and separating the sole occupancy units from public areas must achieve a sound insulation rating of R_w+C_{tr} (airborne) of not less than 50 and an $L_{n,w}+C_i$ (impact) not more than 62.

Walls separating units as per F7D6 must achieve a sound insulation rating of R_w+C_{tr} (airborne) of not less than 50.

Walls separating units from plant rooms, lift shafts, stairways corridors or other public areas must have an insulation rating of R_w (airborne) not less than 50.

Walls separating a bathroom, sanitary compartment, laundry or kitchen in one sole occupancy unit from a habitable room in another or separating a unit from a lift shaft must be of discontinuous construction.

The doorway separating to sole occupancy unit from the public area must have an R_w not less than 30

Soil, waste & stormwater services as per F7D7 must be separated by construction having an R_w+C_{tr} (airborne) not less than

- 40 if the room is a habitable room
- 25 if the room is a non-habitable room

ANCILLARY PROVISIONS (SECTION G, BCA)

COOL ROOMS

A refrigerated or cooling chamber, which is of sufficient size for a person to enter must have a door which is capable of being opened by hand from inside without a key; and internal lighting controlled only by a switch which is located adjacent to the entrance doorway inside the chamber.

An indicator lamp positioned outside the chamber, which is illuminated when the interior lights required by are switched on; and an alarm that is located outside but controllable only from within the chamber able to achieve a sound pressure level outside the chamber, strongroom or vault of 90 dB when measured 3 m from the sounding device.

A door required by in a refrigerated or cooling chamber must have a doorway with a clear width of not less than 600 mm and a clear height not less than 1.5 m.

CLEANING OF WINDOWS

As per NSW Clause G1D5 a building must provide for a safe manner of cleaning any windows located 3 or more storeys above ground level.

This is satisfied where—

- i. the windows can be cleaned wholly from within the building; or
- ii. provision is made for the cleaning of the windows by a method complying with the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and regulations made under that Act.

OCCUPIABLE OUTDOOR AREAS

The occupiable outdoor area are required to comply with Part G6 of the BCA. Confirmation of compliance is required at the Construction Certificate stage.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY CONSTRUCTION (SECTION J, BCA)

FOR CLASS 3-9 THE BCA 202 APPLIES FROM 1 OCTOBER 2023

It is recommended at the time of obtaining a Construction Certificate that a separate report is provided by an Energy Efficiency Consultant.

CLAUSE	ITEM	COMMENT
NSW J1D1	Deemed-to-satisfy provisions	Where a Deemed-to-Satisfy Solution is proposed, Performance Requirements NSW J1P1 to NSW J1P7 are satisfied by complying with— (a) NSW J2D2; and (a) NSW J3D2 to J3D10; and (b) NSW J4D2 to J4D7; and (c) NSW J5D2 to J5D8; and (d) NSW J6D2 to J6D13; and (e) NSW J7D2 to J7D9; and (f) J8D2 to NSW J8D4; and (g) J9D2 to J9D5.
NSW J2D2	Application of Section J	For a Class 3 and 5 to 9 building, Performance Requirement NSW J1P1 is satisfied by complying with— (a) Part J4, for the building fabric; and (b) Part J5, for building sealing; and (c) Part J6, for air-conditioning and ventilation; and (d) Part J7, for artificial lighting and power; and (e) Part J8, for heated water supply and swimming pool and spa pool plant; and (f) J9D3, for facilities for energy monitoring. For a Class 2 to 9 building, Performance Requirement NSW J1P4 is satisfied by complying with J9D4 and J9D5.

RECOMMENDATIONS

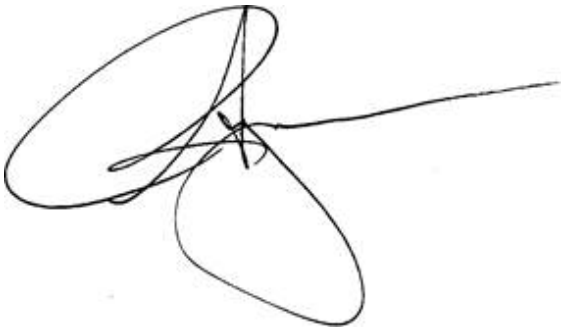
Subsequent to our assessment of the proposed development, it is recommended that the following matters are to be addressed to comply with the BCA utilising either as the 'deemed to satisfy' provisions or via an alternate solution under the performance requirements (as advised by the client):

- The Class 3 Hotel building is to comply with Clause C2D21 and S5C1 & S5C11 of Specification 5, for a building required to have Type A construction
- The Class 6 Pub/Hotel and Bottle Shop building with the car parking and storage areas is to comply with Clause C2D21 and S5C1 & S5C11 of Specification 5, for a building required to have Type C construction
- Openings between the Class 7a Carpark on the lower ground floor and the Class 6 Pub/Hotel and Class 7b Storage requires protection as they are glass and roller and swing door openings openings as per C3D9 and Specification 5.
- The public corridors on each hotel level exceeds 40m in length throughout the building as per C3D15 of the BCA and it is recommended that dual swinging smoke-proof walls are to be installed complying with S11C2.
- The point of discharge and path of travel from the central fire stair in the Class 3 building on the lower ground floor do not comply with D2D12
- The door swings from a number of stairs don't comply as it swing into stair and not in the path of travel as per D3D24.
- The both buildings will be provided with a hydrant system in accordance with the provisions of Clause E1D2 of the BCA and AS 2419.1.
- The pub and carpark building is required to be will be provided with a fire hose reel system in accordance with the provisions of Clause E1D3 of the BCA and AS 2441
- The Class 3 building, the Class 7a Carpark part and Class 7b Storage part will be protected by a sprinkler system throughout complying with Clause E1D4, E1D5 E1D9 and Spec 17 and 18 of the BCA and AS2118.1 or Part 6.
- The batteries contained within electric cars and/or on-site battery storage are likely to be considered a special hazard. This equipment may need to be fire separated from the building. Where electric car charging points are proposed compliance with the AFAC "Electric Vehicles and EV charging equipment in the building environment" position version 1.0 should be incorporated to the design

CONCLUSION

It is the opinion of this office that, on satisfaction of the above recommendation, the proposed building is capable of achieving compliance with the requirements of the National Construction Code, Building Code of Australia (BCA) 2022, and relevant adopted standards without undue modification to the design or appearance of the building.

Whilst the above recommendation have been made as a means of achieving compliance with the various provisions of BCA Performance Requirements their acceptability has not been verified at this time. It will be necessary for the design to be reviewed by an appropriately qualified person prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate for the works.



ALEKS STOJCEVIC
DIRECTOR

DESIGN RIGHT CONSULTING PTY LTD

6 November 2023.

APPENDIX A – DOCUMENTATION

The following documentation was used in the assessment and preparation of this report:

DATE: 09-10-2023 REVISION: 02

DA-000 SITE CONTEXT PLAN
 DA-001 SITE LOCATION PLAN
 DA-002 SITE ANALYSIS
 DA-003 SURVEY
 DA-004 DEMOLITION PLAN
 DA-005 CUT & FILL PLAN
 DA-100 LOWER GROUND FLOOR PLAN
 DA-101 GROUND FLOOR PLAN
 DA-102 SECOND FLOOR PLAN
 DA-103 ROOF PLAN
 DA-200 ELEVATIONS
 DA-201 ELEVATIONS
 DA-202 ELEVATIONS
 DA-300 SECTIONS
 DA-301 SECTIONS
 DA-302 SECTIONS
 DA-303 RAMP SECTION
 DA-401 SHADOW ANALYSIS
 DA-402 SHADOW ANALYSIS
 DA-500 3D SITE DIAGRAM
 DA-501 3D SITE DIAGRAM
 DA-502 MATERIALS
 DA-503 MATERIALS
 DA-504 MATERIALS
 DA-600 VISUAL IMPRESSION – BROUGHAM STREET
 DA-601 VISUAL IMPRESSION
 DA-602 VISUAL IMPRESSION
 DA-603 VISUAL IMPRESSION
 DA-602 VISUAL IMPRESSION
 DA-700 GFA PLAN EXISTING HOTEL
 DA-701 GFA LOWER GROUND FLOOR
 DA-702 GFA LOWER GROUND FLOOR
 DA-703 GFA PLAN GROUND FLOOR
 DA-704 GFA PLAN GROUND FLOOR
 DA-705 GFA PLAN – SECOND FLOOR
 DA- 1000 NOTIFICATION PLAN

APPENDIX B – DRAFT PROPOSED FIRE SAFETY SCHEDULE

CLASS 3 BUILDING

MEASURE	STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE
Access panels to fire-resisting shafts	BCA Clause C4D14, AS 1905.1-2015.
Automatic fail safe devices	BCA 2022 Clause C4D5, D3D26, AS 1670.1 2018
Automatic fire suppression system Wall wetting sprinkler and drencher systems	BCA Clause E1D4, E1D11(2), Specification 17, AS 2118.1-2017 & AS 2118.6-2012,
Automatic fire detection system	E2D2(2)(b)(v), NSW E2D19(3), clause S20C2(c) of Specification 20, S20C4, AS 1670.1-2018.
Emergency lighting	BCA Clause E4D2 & E4D4, AS 2293.1-2018.
Occupancy warning system compliant	BCA Clause S20C7 of Specification 20 and AS 1670.1-2015
Exit signs	BCA Clause E4D5, NSW E4D6, ED4D8, AS 2293.1-2018.
Fire alarm monitoring system - Sprinkler system only.	BCA Clause E1D4, E1D11(2), Specification 17, AS 2118.6-2012, AS 1670.3-2018.
Fire dampers	BCA Clause C4D15(2)(b), AS 1668.1-2015, AS 1682.1-2015.
Fire doors	BCA Clause C3D14, C4D5, C4D9, D2D12, AS 1905.1-2015.
Fire hose reels	BCA Clause E1D3, AS 2441-2005.
Fire hydrant system	BCA Clause E1D4, AS 2419.1-2021.
Fire seals (protecting openings in fire resisting components of the building)	BCA Clause C4D13, C4D15, Specification 13, and manufacturers specifications.
Fire Engineering	Fire Engineer Guidelines (TBA)
Portable fire extinguishers	BCA Clause E1D14, AS 2444-2001
Smoke and Heat Alarms	BCA 2022 Spec E2D4 and AS3786-2014 and Manufacturer's Specification
Warning and operational signs - Fire isolated stairway signs; - Fire isolated stairway notices; - Disabled egress signage; - Fire hydrant and sprinkler signage; - Fire hose reel signage; - Smoke detection signage; - Portable fire extinguisher signage; - Lift signage.	BCA Clause D3D28 Section 108, <i>Environmental Planning & Assessment (DC&FS) Reg. 2021</i> ; BCA Clause D4D7, Specification 15, AS 1428.1 – 2009; BCA Clause E1D2, FPAA101H; BCA Clause E1D3, AS 2441-2005; BCA Clause E2D8, Specification 20, S20C4, S20C7, AS 1670.1-2018.; BCA Clause E1D14, AS 2444-2001. BCA Clause E3D4.

CLASS 6/7a/7b BUILDING

MEASURE	STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE
Access panels to fire-resisting shafts	BCA Clause C4D14, AS 1905.1-2015.
Automatic fail safe devices	BCA 2022 Clause C4D5, D3D26, AS 1670.1 2018
Automatic fire suppression system Wall wetting sprinkler and drencher systems	BCA Clause E1D4, E1D11(2), Specification 17, AS 2118.1-2017 & AS 2118.6-2012,
Automatic fire detection system	E2D2(2)(b)(v), NSW E2D19(3), clause S20C2(c) of Specification 20, S20C4, AS 1670.1-2018.
Emergency lighting	BCA Clause E4D2 & E4D4, AS 2293.1-2018.
Occupancy warning system compliant	BCA Clause S20C7 of Specification 20 and AS 1670.1-2015
Exit signs	BCA Clause E4D5, NSW E4D6, ED4D8, AS 2293.1-2018.
Fire alarm monitoring system - Sprinkler system only.	BCA Clause E1D4, E1D11(2), Specification 17, AS 2118.6-2012, AS 1670.3-2018.
Fire dampers	BCA Clause C4D15(2)(b), AS 1668.1-2015, AS 1682.1-2015.
Fire doors	BCA Clause C3D14, C4D5, C4D9, D2D12, AS 1905.1-2015.
Fire hose reels	BCA Clause E1D3, AS 2441-2005.
Fire hydrant system	BCA Clause E1D4, AS 2419.1-2021.
Fire seals (protecting openings in fire resisting components of the building)	BCA Clause C4D13, C4D15, Specification 13, and manufacturers specifications.
Fire Engineering	Fire Engineer Guidelines (TBA)
Portable fire extinguishers	BCA Clause E1D14, AS 2444-2001
Smoke and Heat Alarms	BCA 2022 Spec E2D4 and AS3786-2014 and Manufacturer's Specification